REMEMBER: the same COM port address or IRQ setting CANNOT be used by more than one port in your system. Each port assignment must be unique, or a conflict will result and your connected device will not work or communicate reliably.



Default COM Port, IRQ, and Baud Rate Jumper Settings

Serial Port 1 (SIO1) is a standard DB-9 (9-pin) connector mounted on the card. It is factory set as **COM1** with base I/O address **3F8h**, **IRQ4**, and baud rate 115200.

Serial Port 2 (SIO2) is a standard DB-25 (25-pin) connector mounted on the card. It is factory set as **COM2** with base I/O address **2F8h**, **IRQ3**, and baud rate 115200.

Serial Port 3 is mounted on a connector bracket and connects to the **SIO3** (10-pin connector) on the card via a ribbon cable. It requires the I/O Expander 4S Upgrade Kit.

Serial Port 4 is mounted on a connector bracket and connects to the SIO4 (10-pin connector) on the card via a ribbon cable. It requires the I/O Expander 4S Upgrade Kit.

3-2.2 COM Port Address Selection

Serial Port 1 is factory set as COM1 with I/O address 3F8h Serial Port 2 is factory set as COM2 with I/O address 2F8h If any of these conflict with your current configuration, refer to the following for another option.

NOTE: Use jumper block S1 and S2 to configure the COM port address for Serial Port 1 and 2 respectively. Use jumper block S3 and S4 to configure the COM port address for optional Serial Port 3 and 4 respectively.

The basic architecture for the PC provides for four COM ports: COM1-COM4. However, as computer technology and applications continue to evolve, more types of devices have become available to expand your system's capabilities... resulting in a potential shortage of available system resources! One of the advantages of your I/O Expander 4S is the flexibility it offers by supporting COM1 through COM12.

IMPORIANT: Make sure the device or application software you plan to use also supports an extended COM port assignment.

COM Port	I/O Addr	Jumper Setting
		C0M1 C0M2 C0M3 C0M3 C0M4 C0M4 C0M6 C0M7 C0M10 C0M11 C0M11
C O M 1	3F8h	
СОМ2	2F8h	:8::::: :::::
СОМ3	3E8h	

COM Port	I/O Addr	Jumper Setting
		COM1 COM2 COM2 COM3 COM4 COM3 COM1 COM1 COM11 COM11 COM11
СОМ4	2E8h	
СОМ5	2F0h	
СОМ6	3E0h	
СОМ7	2E0h	
СОМ8	260h	
СОМ9	368h	
COM10	268h	
COM11	360h	
COM12	270h	·····
Disable (<i>all</i>	कृष्टा)	

3-2.2 COM Port Address Selection

3-2.3 Interrupt Request (IRQ) Selection

Serial Port 1 is factory set as IRQ4 Serial Port 2 is factory set as IRQ3

If this conflicts with your current configuration, refer to the following for another option.

NOTE: Use jumper block S1_IRQ and S2_IRQ to configure the IRQ setting for Serial Port 1 and 2 respectively. Use jumper block S3_IRQ and S4_IRQ to configure theIRQ setting for optional Serial Port 3 and 4.

Currently AT/Pentium computers support 16 interrupt channels; however, not all are available to you. Some are reserved for system use (IRQ 0, 1, 2, 8, 13) and others have been used for standard installed devices such as mouse, fax/ modem, printer, sound card, floppy drive, etc., leaving only the high IRQs (IRQ10 and above) for further expansion. Your I/O Expander 4S allows for maximum expansion and flexibility by supporting both low and high level IRQs.

Interrupt Request	Jumper Settings
IRQ3	IR03 IR04 IR05 IR07 IR07 IR010 IR011 IR011 IR0112
IRQ4	:8::::::
IRQ5	::8:::::
IRQ7	:::8::::
IRQ9	::::8::::

Interrupt Request	Jumper Settings
	IR03 IR04 IR05 IR07 IR07 IR010 IR011 IR012 IR015
IRQ10	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
IRQ11	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
IRQ12	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
IRQ15	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
Disable (<i>all qpen</i>)	·····

3-2.3 Interrupt Request (IRQ) Selection (continued)

3-2.4 Baud Rate Selection

Baud Rate is factory set as 115200. Baud Rates 230400 and 460800 are reserved for software developers only.

NOTE: Use jumper block S1_BAUDRATE and S2_BAUDRATE to configure the Baud Rate for Serial Port 1 and 2 respectively. Use jumper block S3_BAUDRATE and S4_BAUDRATE to configure the Baud Rate for optimal Serial Port 3 and 4 respectively.



Baud Rate	Junper Setting
	115200 230400 460800
460800	::8
Disable (<i>all qpen</i>)	

3-2.4 Baud Rate Selection (continued)

3-3 Installing Your I/O Expander 4S

After you have verified the jumper settings on your I/O Expander 4S, proceed with the following instructions to install it in your computer. General instructions are given since the design of computer cases varies. Refer to your computer's reference manual whenever in doubt.

1 Turn OFF the power to your computer and any other connected peripheral devices. Follow the precautions for static electricity discharge.

> **WARNING:** STATIC ELECTRICITY DISCHARGE may permanently damage your system. In order to avoid possible static electricity discharge during installation procedures, please follow the guidelines below:

- Discharge any static electricity build up in your body by touching a large grounded metal surface such as the computer case (if plugged in), a metal window frame, refrigerator, or water tap for a few seconds.
- During installation procedures, avoid any contact with internal parts. Handle cards only by their edges.

WARNING: Disconnect the AC power source before removing the cover.

- 2 Unplug all power cords and cables from the back of the computer. (Be sure to note the cable connections for reconnection when the installation is complete.)
- 3 Remove your computer's cover by removing its mounting screws with a screwdriver. Slide the cover OFF.
- 4 Your I/O Expander 4S card must be installed in an available 16-bit expansion slot.
- 5 Remove the selected expansion slot cover by unscrewing the holding screw and sliding the cover out. Save this screw for securing the I/O Expander 4S card after it's installed.



Figure 3-1: Remove the Slot Cover

6 To install the I/O Expander 4S card, carefully align the card's bus connector with the selected bus slot on the motherboard. Push the card down finally, but gently, until it is well seated.

NOTE: Hold the card by its external edges only. Try to avoid touching the components, connectors or pins.

7. Replace the cover slot holding screw to secure the card to the rear slot panel.



Figure 3-2: Installing the I/O Expander 4S Card

- 8 Replace the computer's cover and screws.
- 9 Reconnect all cables and power cord to the back of the computer.
- 10. Turn your computer ON and verify that the I/O port addresses are recognized and set properly. Most computers will display a system configuration table, including port addresses when it is powered ON or rebooted.

If the ports are not recognized, please review the installation procedures. For further help, contact SIIG's BBS and/or technical support.

11. Turn the system power OFF and make any new serial device connections to the I/O Expander 4S card.

You have completed the installation.

3-4 Installing the I/O Expander 4S Upgrade Kit

To add two more serial ports, you must install the I/O *Expander 4S Upgrade Kit*, which can be purchased from your dealer. This kit is comprised of:

- Two 16C550 chips
- One 1488 chip*
- Two 1489 chips*
- One bracket with one 9-pin and one 25-pin serial connectors

*The chips, 1488 and 1489, are now built into the I/O Expander 4S.

The following steps will guide you through installing the kit's components.

- 1. If your I/O Expander 4S board is already installed in your system, remove it to install the upgrade chipset and verify jumpers.
- 2 Install the 16C550 into the empty socket. See figure 3-3 for a detailed layout.



Figure 3-3: Upgrade Kit's Socket and Jumper Locations

Align the notch on the chip and socket for proper orientation. It is VERY IMPORTANT that the notch on the chip is matched with the notch on the socket. Make sure all pins are aligned with the socket holes; then gently press the chip into the socket until seated.





3 Verify the junper settings. The factory recommended settings are:

If this conflicts with other port assignments in your system, reset the jumpers to non-conflicting addresses. Refer to *Chapter 3, Hardware Installation* for alternative settings.

4 Select an available I/O slot next to the board for installing the two-connector mounting bracket.

NOTE: If available I/O slots is a concern, you may also remount the connectors on the bracket into the punch-out I/O port holes provided on the back of most computer chassis. For this option, make sure the I/O Expander 4S board is installed in a slot where the cables can be connected.

Remove the selected slot's cover by unscrewing the holding screw and sliding it out. Save this screw for securing the connector bracket.

5 Install the I/O Expander 4S board by carefully aligning the board's bus connector with the selected bus slot on

- 6 To install the connector bracket, carefully slide it into the selected rear panel slot where the slot cover had been removed. Replace the holding screw to secure the connector bracket in place.
- 7. Connect the 10-pin connector on the end of each serial port's attached ribbon cable to the **SIO3** and **SIO4** 10-pin connectors on the I/O Expander 4S board. It does not matter which connector on the board they are attached to. However, make a note as to connections so you will know each port's COM address and IRQ.



Figure 3-4: Installing the Connector Bracket

IMPORTANT NOTE: The colored stripe imprinted on the ribbon cable indicates the pin 1 side of the cable's connector. Make sure this is matched with pin 1 on the board's connector

- 8 Replace the computer's cover and screws.
- 9 Reconnect all power cords and cables to the back of the computer. Connect your serial peripherals to the I/O Expander 4S ports.

You have completed the installation. Most computers will display a system configuration table, including port addresses when it is powered ON or rebooted. Turn your computer ON and verify that the I/O port addresses are set properly.